SPARK House, 51, Scheme No. 53, Vijay Nagar, Near Medanta Hospital, INDORE-452011 (M.P.) Tel.: 0731-4230240, E-Mail: info@ca-spark.com www.ca-spark.com

Formerly known as SPARK & Associates

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To

The Members of Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

(CIN No. U29309MP2021PLC058915)

# Opinion

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Femto Green Hydrogen Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, profit, total comprehensive income, and changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There is no key audit matter to be communicated in our report.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
  forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
  responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls
  system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the annual financial statements that individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning to scope our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.





# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- i. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in (Annexure A) a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- ii. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the financial statements.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), and the Statement of changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts maintained for the purpose or preparation of the financial statements.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. The company has not informed about the presence of any operational Branch which requires Audit u/s 143(8) of the Act.
  - f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - g. On the basis of the examination if the Books of accounts and other records shown to us for the purpose of the Audit and other such documents asked during the course of the Audit, The Auditor has no observation or adverse comment, apart from those mentioned in the relevant paras if any, on the financial transactions or matters which may have any adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
  - h. On the basis of the examination of the Books of Account and other records shown to us for the purpose of the Audit and other such documents asked during the course of the Audit, we found no material reason to report any qualification, reservation or adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, apart from the matters already mentioned in the relevant paras, if any.
  - i. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure-B".
  - j. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - I. The Company has no pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements;
    - II. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;



- III. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- k. I. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the noted of the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loans or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries;
  - II. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries; and
  - III. Based on audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (I) and (II) contain any material misstatement.
- 1. The dividend has not been declared and paid during the year by the Company.
- m. As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is mandatory only w.e.f April 1, 2023, for the Company, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- n. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its managing director during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

Unique Document Identification Number (UDIN) for this document is 23436593BGUYZI4232.

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Reg No. 005313C / C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore

Date: May 23rd, 2023



# Annexure "A" To The Independent Auditor's Report On The Financial Statement Of Femto Green Hydrogen Limited.

# Report on the Order issued under Section 143(11) of the Companies Act 2013

- I. (a) i. The said Company has generally maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - ii. The company is does not have any intangible assets hence, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment referred to in Note no. 2 of financial statements have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals (covering all the assets in a period of three years), which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the said Company and nature of its assets. As informed to us, no material discrepancy was noticed on such physical verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the corporation, the title deeds of immovable property disclosed in the financial statement are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the said company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - (e) There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder as details provided by management.
- II. (a) As explained to us the physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and no material discrepancies were noticed and the same has been properly dealt with in the books of account.
  - (b) As explained to us, and information provided to us During any point of time of the year, company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of 5 crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institution on the basis of security of current asset.
- III. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not made investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loan or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, accordingly this clause is not applicable to the said Company.
- IV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 & 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the loans made.
- V. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public as governed by the provision of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed their under.
- VI. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost record under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the company. Accordingly reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- VII. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the company, it is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident fund, Employee's state insurance, Income tax, Sales tax, Duty of customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, Cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. According the Information and





explanation given to us there were no outstanding statutory dues as on 31st March, 2023, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Value added tax, Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes.
- VIII. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transaction that are not recorded in books of accounts have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under income tax act,1961(43 of 1961). Hence, this clause is not applicable.
- IX. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not default in repayment of loans or borrowings from any lender during the year.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, Company is not declared as willful defaulter by bank or financial institution or other lender;
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, reporting under the clause is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
  - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
  - (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- X. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, paragraph (x) of the order is not applicable.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilised funds raised by way of private placement of shares for the purposes for which they were raised.
- XI. (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under subsection (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- XII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph (xii) of the order is not applicable.



- XIII. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- **XIV.** (a) In our opinion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- **XV.** On the basis of information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him during the financial year.
- **XVI.** (a) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the clause is not applicable.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the clause is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Company does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the clause is not applicable.
- **XVII.** Based on our examination the company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year 2022-23 of Rs. 143.56 Lakhs and in the financial year 2021 –22 amounting to Rs.57.86 Lakh.
- XVIII. There is no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, the clause is not applicable.
- XIX. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty found as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- **XX.** (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of other than ongoing projects, and transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act are not applicable to the company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to transfer any amount to special account in compliance with provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act.





**XXI.** According to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not make any consolidation financial statement hence this clause is not applicable.

Unique Document Identification Number (UDIN) for this document is 23436593BGUYZI4232.

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore

Date: May 23rd, 2023



Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Standalone financial Statements of Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Femto Green Hydrogen Limited** ("the Company") as of **March 31, 2023** in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing (the "Standards"), issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Unique Document Identification Number (UDIN) for this document is 23436593BGUYZI4232.

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

005313C/

C400311

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Reg No. 005313C / C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore

Date: May 23rd, 2023

Block No. 5, 2nd Floor, Capital TowerPlot No. 169A, PU-4, Scheme No. 54 Indore MP 452010 IN CIN NO: U29309MP2021PLC058915

### **BALANCE SHEET** As at 31st March, 2023

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Assets			
	Non-current Assets			
(a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	2	4.96	6.21
(b)	Investment Property		464	-
(c)	Capital Work-In-Progress		1 2 3 3 2 3	-
(d)	Financial assets			-
	- Investments	3	293.48	-
	- Loans		acete control +10	-
	- Other Financial Assets	4	9.16	9.16
(e)	Deferred Tax Assets	5	38.98	-
(f)	Other Non-current Assets	6	15.82	3.07
	Total non-current assets		362.41	18.44
	Current assets			
(a)	Inventories	7	46.59	_
(b)	Financial Assets		A COMPANY OF A STREET, AND	
	- Investment			
	- Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	16.09	46.73
	- Others			-
(c)	Other Current Assets	9	211.01	147.74
	Total current assets		273.69	194.46
	Total assets		636.10	212.90
	Equity and Liabilities			
	Equity		reform to the first of	
(a)	Equity Share Capital	10	323.46	54.50
(b)	Other Equity	11	298.45	(58.28)
(-/	Total equity	**	621.90	(3.78)
	Liabilities		021.70	(5.76)
	Non Current Liabilities		943000000000000000000000000000000000000	
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
()	- Borrowings			
	- Other Financial Liabilities			
(b)	Deferred Tax Liablities	5		0.16
(c)	Other Non Current Liability			0.10
(-)	Total non-current liabilities		es established to the	0.16
	Current liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
( )	- Borrowings	12		203.31
	- Trade Payables			200.51
	- Other Financial Liabilities	13	14.19	13.21
(b)	Provisions			13.21
(c)	Other Current Labilities			_
(d)	Current Tax Labilities			_
,	Total current liabilities		14.19	216.52
	Total liabilities		14.19	216.68
	Total equity and liabilities		636.10	212.90
	Significant Accounting Policies	1	0.0 V-20	212.70

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financials statements

es Charle

As per our report of even date

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore Date: May 23rd, 2023 UDIN: 23436593BGUYZI4232 For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

Dhanpal Doshi

Director

Parasmal Doshi Director DIN: 00700492 DIN: 00051460

Block No. 5, 2nd Floor, Capital TowerPlot No. 169A, PU-4, Scheme No. 54 Indore MP 452010 IN CIN NO: U29309MP2021PLC058915

# Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the period ended on 31st March 2023

(Amount in Lakhs)

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March 2023	For the year ended 31st March 2022
Income			
Revenue from operations	14	12.50	-
Other income	15	3.50	0.13
Total income		16.00	0.13
Expenses		<b>表展表现光</b>	
Purchases & Direct Expenses	16	50.00	-
Changes in Inventories	17	(46.59)	_
Employee benefits expense	18	136.23	31.62
Finance costs	19	12.84	3.68
Depreciation and amortization expense	20	1.74	0.41
Other expenses	21	42.94	22.53
Total expenses		197.16	58.25
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax		(181.16)	(58.12)
Exceptional items			-
Profit before tax		(181.16)	(58.12)
Tax expense:			(20122)
Current tax		STATE OF THE PARTY OF	_
Deferred tax	5	(39.14)	0.16
Income tax expense		(39.14)	0.16
Profit for the year		(142.02)	(58.28)
Other comprehensive income		THE STREET	_
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent			
periods			
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans			_
Foreign exchange (loss)			
Income tax related to item that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		- C	_
Net other comprehensive (expense) not to be reclassified to		A CALL TO STATE OF THE ACT	-
profit or loss in subsequent periods			
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		22 6 30 .	_
Other comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year			-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(142.02)	(58.28)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic and diluted earnings per equity shares	22	(1.52)	(3.98)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financials statements

As per our report of even date

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore Date: May 23rd, 2023

UDIN: 23436593BGUYZI4232

For and on behalf of Board of Directors Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

Dhanpal Doshi

Director

DIN: 00700492

Director

Block No. 5, 2nd Floor, Capital TowerPlot No. 169A, PU-4, Scheme No. 54 Indore MP 452010 IN CIN NO: U29309MP2021PLC058915

# Cash flow statement For the year ended March 31, 2023

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2023	Year ended 31.03.2022
A Cash flow from operating activities:	Control of the Contro	
Profit before tax	(181.16)	(58.12)
Adjustments for:	Commission of the land	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1.74	0.41
Income From Mutual Fund	(3.50)	(0.13)
Interest paid	12.84	3.68
Operating profit before working capital changes	(170.08)	(54.15)
Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(46.59)	-
Decrease/ (Increase) in Other Current Asset	(63.27)	(147.74)
Decrease/ (Increase) in Other Non-Current Asset	(12.75)	(3.07)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	-
Cash flow from/ (used in) operations	(292.69)	(204.96)
Income taxes paid		-
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities	(292.69)	(204.96)
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Purchase of Investment Property	(0.50)	(6.62)
Purchase of Investments in Mutual Funds	(289.98)	-
Decrease/ (Increase) in Other Financial Asset	PROGRAM WIN	(9.16)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	0.98	13.21
Income From Mutual Fund	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0.13
Net cash (used in)/flow from investing activities	(289.49)	(2.45)
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from Equity share capital	268.96	54.50
Share Premium received	498.75	
Proceeds (Repayment) from financial liabilities	(203.31)	203.31
Interest paid	(12.84)	(3.68)
Net cash (used in)/flow from financing activities:	551.55	254.13
D Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(30.64)	46.73
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	46.73	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	16.09	46.73
E Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:		
Balances with banks	6 7 5 5 3 4 5 6	
on current accounts	16.07	46.45
Cash in hand	0.02	0.28
	16.09	46.73

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financials statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Date: May 23rd, 2023

UDIN: 23436593BGUYZI4232

Dhanpal Doshi

Director

DIN: 00700492

Parasmal Doshi

Director

Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

### Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

Particulars	Amount	Date
(I) date and amount of fund received from Funding parties with complete details of each Funding party.	Nil	Nil
(II) date and amount of fund further advanced or loaned or invested other intermediaries or Ultimate Beneficiaries alongwith complete details of the other inter-mediaries' or ultimate beneficiaries.	Nil	Nil
(III) date and amount of guarantee, security or the like provided to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries	Nil	Nil
(IV) declaration that relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act has been complied with for such transactions and the transactions are not violative of the Prevention of Money-Laundering act, 2002 (15 of 2003)	Nil	Nil

As per our report of even date

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

ales Charleren

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

**CA** Chandresh Singhvi

**Partner** 

Membership No. 436593

Place: Indore

Date: May 23rd, 2023

UDIN: 23436593BGUYZI4232

For and on behalf of Board of Directors Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

Director

DIN: 00700492

Director

# **Significant Accounting Policies**

# 1. Corporate Information

**FEMTO GREEN HYDROGEN LIMITED** is a Public Limited Company registration under Companies Act. It's CIN Number U29309MP2021PLC058915 and incorporation of Public Limited Company registration on date 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2021. Their registered office address is Block No. 5, 2nd Floor, Capital TowerPlot No. 169A, PU-4, Scheme No. 54 Indore MP 452010 IN. Public Limited Company registration is registered in 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2021 in India and Registrar of Company. It is Non-govt Company.

# 2. Significant accounting policies

# a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard ('Ind AS'). The Company is covered under the company is subsidiary company of a listed company. Accordingly, the Company is required to prepare the financial statement on the basis of Ind AS.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Sec 133 of the Companies Act ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

These Financial Statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division II) of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to companies, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). These Financial Statements of the Company are presented in Indian Rupees ("INR"), which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to nearest Lacs upto two decimal places, except otherwise indicated.

### b) Operating cycle for current and non-current classification:

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per the guidance set out in Schedule III to the Act. Operating cycle for the business activities of the Company covers the duration of the project / contract / service including the defect liability period, wherever applicable, and extends upto the realisation of receivables (including retention monies) within the credit period normally applicable to the respective project.

# c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that management make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the income and expense for the reporting period. The actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

The Company makes certain judgments and estimates for valuation and impairment of financial instruments, fair valuation of employee stock options, useful life of property, plant and equipment, deferred tax assets and retirement benefit obligations. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

### d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized:

- (i) When all the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer and the company retains no effective control of the goods transferred to a degree usually associated with ownership; and
- (ii) No significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods.

Other Income recognized as per IND AS - 115 Revenue recognition.

### e) Financial instruments

The Company recognizes all the financial assets and liabilities at its fair value on initial recognition; In the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset are added to the fair value on initial recognition. The financial assets are accounted on a trade date basis.

For subsequent measurement, financial assets are categorised into:

**Amortised cost:** The Company classifies the financial assets at amortised cost if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the assets are held under a business model to collect contractual cash flows. The gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in fair value are not recognised for financial assets classified in amortised cost measurement category.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): The Company classifies the financial assets as FVOCI if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the Company's business model is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets. In case of debt instruments measured at FVOCI, changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. The impairment gains or losses, foreign exchange gains or losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. On de-recognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is re- classified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. In case of equity instruments irrevocably designated at FVOCI, gains / losses including relating to foreign exchange, are recognised through other comprehensive income. Further, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain permanently in equity and are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss on derecognition.

**Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):** The financial assets are classified as FVTPL if these do not meet the criteria for classifying at amortised cost or FVOCI. Further, in certain cases to eliminate or



significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency (accounting mismatch), the Company irrevocably designates certain financial instruments at FVTPL at initial recognition. In case of financial assets measured at FVTPL, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Profit or Loss on sale of investments is determined on the basis of first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

Level 1 - The fair value hierarchy have been valued using quoted prices for instruments in an active market.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs that are not observable and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation.

Based on the Company's business model for managing the investments, the Company has classified its investments and securities for trade at FVTPL. Investment in subsidiaries is carried at deemed cost (previous GAAP carrying amount) as per Ind AS 27.

**Impairment of financial assets:** In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss model (ECL) for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the loans



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

have been impaired. The Company is exposed to credit risk when the customer defaults on his contractual obligations. For the computation of ECL, the loan receivables are classified into three stages based on the default and the aging of the outstanding.

If the amount of an impairment loss decreases in a subsequent period, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the excess is written back by reducing the loan impairment allowance account accordingly. The write-back is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company recognises life time expected credit loss for trade receivables and has adopted the simplified method of computation as per Ind AS 109.

For subsequent measurement, financial liability are categorised into:

All financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction cost that are attributable to the separate liabilities. All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which lnd AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities that are not held-for- trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

# **Equity instruments:**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

# Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of



a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### f) Income tax

The income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax incurred by the Company. Income tax expense is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or OCI, in which case the tax effect is recognised in equity or OCI. Income tax payable on profits is based on the applicable tax laws in each tax jurisdiction and is recognised as an expense in the period in which profit arises. Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted for the reporting period and any adjustment to tax payable/receivable in respect of previous years.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) The entity has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- b) Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the amounts for tax purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised, for all deductible temporary differences, to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) The entity has legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

The tax effects of income tax losses, available for carry forward, are recognised as deferred tax asset, when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses can be set-off.

Additional taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends by the Company are recognised directly in equity at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised.



# g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement include cash in hand, balances with the banks and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and accrued interest thereon.

### h) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at the reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an assets or cash- generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Companies of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

### i) Provisions

Provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, supplemented by experience of similar transactions. These are reviewed at the balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

# j) Contingent liabilities and assets

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as a contingent liability. The existence of a contingent liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

### k) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



Notes to standalone financials statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

2	
nen	
nemo	1
inmeni	The state of the
aminment	darbuicui
Faminnen	ad arbuictus
& Faminment	a darbuccus
nt & Faminment	" adarbucu
lant & Faminment	tain a radarbuicui
Plant & Faminment	run a darbucut
v Plant & Fourinment	)) - min - darbucus
orty Plant & Fourinment	till a min a darking
nerty Plant & Fourinment	Peres) - min a admitiment
ronerty Plant & Faminment	oberes) - rain a adarbuicin
Property Plant & Faminment	tabert) train a darkming
2 - Property Plant & Faminmen	and in both to the control of the britain
e 2 - Property Plant & Faminmen	and in the control of the control of a
ote 2 - Property Plant & Fourinment	ore = toperty runn = therefore
Note 2 - Property Plant & Faminment	tions = trobandy trains a plant burner

		Assets	
Particulars	Office	Computer	Total
	equipments		
Deemed cost			
As at 31 March 2021	1	1	•
Additions	6.40	0.22	6.62
Deductions	1	•	•
Adjustments	ı	•	•
As at 31 March 2022	6.40	0.22	6.62
Additions	0.50	1	
Deductions	1	1	
Adjustments	ı	1	
As at 31 March 2023	06.9	0.22	7.12
Accumulated depreciation			
As at 31 March 2021	1	1	•
Depreciation for the year	0.39	0.02	0.41
Deductions	1	1	•
Adjustments	1		•
As at 31 March 2022	0.39	0.02	0.41
Depreciation for the year	1.62	0.12	1.74
Deductions	1	•	1
Adjustments	1	•	1
As at 31 March 2023	2.01	0.15	2.15
Net block			
As at 31 March 2022	6.01	0.20	6.21
As at 31 March 2023	4.89	0.07	4.96



# Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

3	Investments - Non Current	Y1	nits	As at	(Amount in Lakhs) As at
	THE CHIEF THE CHIEF	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	As at 31-Mar-22	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Investment in India		TIO UT OI WALL III	DA IVIGICAL MUMB	51 Water 2022
	Measured at Fair Value through P&L	Compart Constitution			
	(i) Investments in Mutual Funds	100 To 100			
	ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth	27,516.69	_	90.99	
	Nippon India Liquid Fund - Growth Plan - Growth Option	147.32		116.10	_
	Nippon India Ultra Short Duration (477259055037)	1,185.57		40.92	-
	Nippon India Ultra Short Duration (477259053057) Nippon India Ultra Short Duration (477274979292)				-
		2,128.95		5.08	-
	SBI Liquid Fund Regular Growth	1,155.52	-	40.40 293.48	
				255,40	
				As at	As at
				31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Other financial Asset - Non-Current			0.00	0.00
	Rent Deposit			9.06	9.06
	Security Deposit with CDSL			0.10	0.10
		Total		9.16	9.16
				As at	As at
				31 March 2023	31 March 2022
;	Deferred Tax Asset/(liabilities)				DI WALLI EVE
	Deferred tax Assets/(Liability) at the beginning of the year			(0.16)	_
	Deferred tax Assets/ (Liability) made during the year			39.14	(0.16
	Deferred tax Assets/(Liability) at the end of the year			38.98	(0.16
	, (,,				(0.10
				As at	As at
				31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Other Non- Current Assets				
	GST Receivable			15.82	3.07
		Total		15.82	3.07
				As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Inventory			Of March 2020	31 Watch 2022
	Stock in Trade			46.59	}
	Stock It Hade	Total		46.59	
				20103	
				As at	As at
				31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Cash and Cash Equivalents				
	Cash In Hand			0.02	0.28
	Balances With Bank			16.07	46.45
		Total		16.09	46.73
				As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Other Current Assets				
	Advance to Supplier				
	Related Party			211.00	
	Others			0.01	147.74
		Total		211.01	147.74
		A Veni		211301	13/./4



### Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

			(Amount in Lakhs)
10	Equity Share capital	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	A). Authorized, issued, subscribed and paid up share capital Authorized		
	6,00,00,000 equity shares of Re.1 each	600.00	500.00
	(Previous Year: 5,00,00,000 equity shares of Re.1 each)		
	Total		
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares		
	3,03,70,000 Equity Shares of Re. 1 each fully paid up.	303.70	5.00
	(5,00,000 Equity Shares of Re. 1 each were fully paid up in the previous year)		
	Issued, Subscribed but not fully paid up shares		
	1,97,55,000 Equity Shares of Re. 1 each Partly Paid Re.0.10 paid up (refer note 10 (g))	19.76	49.50
	(4,95,00,000 Equity Shares of Re. 1 each were Partly Paid for Re.0.10 in the previous year)		

### Notes:

# a) Reconciliation of the number of the shares outstanding as the beginning and end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31	As at 31 March 2022	
a detection 5	No. of shares Amou	Int No. of shares	Amount	
At the beginning of the year	50,000,000 54.	50 -	-	
Movement during the year (refer Note 10(h))	125,000 268.	50,000,000	54.50	
At the end of the year	50,125,000 323.	50,000,000	54.50	

### (b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 1/- each. The holder of the equity share is entitled to dividend right and voting right in the same proportion as the capital paid-up on such equity share bears to the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

# (c) Details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of Shareholders	As at 31 March 2023	% Holding	As at 31 March 2022	% Holding
Indo thai Securities Ltd.	28,500,000	56.86	28,500,000	57.00
Nandan Vinayakrao Kundetkar	6,000,000	11.97	6,000,000	12.00
Yamini Nandan Kundetkar	5,000,000	9.98	5,000,000	10.00
Pawan Ramesh Agrawal	3,500,000	6.98	3,500,000	7.00
Akshay Ramesh Agrawal	3,500,000	6.98	3,500,000	7.00

### (d) Details of Promoters Shareholders holding shares:

Name of Promoter	As at 31 March 2023	% held	As at 31 March 2022	% held
Indo Thai Securities Ltd.	28,500,000	56.86	28,500,000	57.00
Nandan Vinayakrao Kundetkar	6,000,000	11.97	6,000,000	12.00
Yamini Nandan Kundetkar	5,000,000	9.98	5,000,000	10.00
Ramesh Dharamchand Agrawal	1,000,000	2.00	1,000,000	2.00
Satyabhama Ramesh Agrawal	1,000,000	2.00	1,000,000	2.00
Pawan Ramesh Agrawal	3,500,000	6.98	3,500,000	7.00
Akshay Ramesh Agrawal	3,500,000	6.98	3,500,000	7.00
Parasmal Doshi	120,000	0.24	120,000	0.24
Dhanpal Doshi	120,000	0.24	120,000	0.24



323.46

54.50

Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

### Shares reserved for issue under option

The Company has not reserved any shares for issuance under options

Other details of equity shares for a period of years immediately preceding March 31, 2023; \*

Particulars	No. of Shares
	2022
Aggregate number of share allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash	-
Aggregate number of shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares	
Aggregate number of shares bought back	

<sup>\*</sup> Company is incorporated in the year 2021

- (g) The Company had issued 4,95,00,000 equity shares of face value of Rs. 1/- each on right basis ('Rights Equity Shares') to the Eligible Equity Shareholders at an issue price of Rs. 1/- per Rights Equity Share (including premium of `Nil per Rights Equity Share). In accordance with the terms of issue, Rs. 0.10 i.e. 10% of the Issue Price per Rights Equity Share, was received from the concerned allottees on application and shares were allotted. The Board has made final call of Rs. 0.90 per Rights Equity Share (including a premium of `Nil per share) on shareholders on 7-Feb-23. Out of total issued shares, 1,97,55,000 equity shares are pending to receive the final call amount as on 31-Mar-23.
- (h) The Company had issued 1,25,000 equity shares of face value of Rs. 1/- each through private placement at an issue price of Rs. 400/- per Equity Share (including premium of Rs. 399/- per Equity Share) dated 9-Dec-22.

11	Othor	Equity
11	Other	Eduity

(i) Retained earnings Opening balance

Add: Profits for the year **Closing Balance** 

(ii) Share Premium

**Total** 

**Total** 

(Amount in Lakh		
As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Transfer and		
(58.28)	-	
(142.02)	(58.28)	
(200.30)	(58.28)	
498.75	-	
298.45	(58.28)	

12	Borrowing
	From Holding Company:
	Indothai Securities Limite

31 March 2023 3	1 March 2022	
	31 March 2022	
	203.31	
-	203.31	

13	Other financial liabilities - Curren
	Audit Fees Payable
	Creditors for Exp
	Deposit from Tenant
	TDS Payable
	Salary Payable
	Provision

Total

As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
0.60	0.30	
2.15	9.25	
10.50	-	
0.07	1.35	
0.84	-	
0.04	2.30	
14.19	13.21	



Interest

**Depreciation and Amortization Expenses**Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

14	Revenue from Operations Rent Received	
	Sales	
		Total
15	Other Income	
20	Net gain on Fair Value Changes	
		Total
16	Purchases	
	Goods Purchases	
		Total
17	Change In Inventory	
	Opening Inventories	
	Closing Inventories	
	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	
18	Employee Benefits Expense	
	Salary Staff Welfare	
	Directors Remuneration	
		Total
19	Finance Cost	
17	Thance Cost	

Total

Total

	(Amount in Lakhs)
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
0.50	-
12.00	-
12.50	-
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
3.50	0.13
3.50	0.13
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
50.00	
50.00	
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	-
46.59	
(46.59)	_
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
98.39	22.24
1.85	0.38
36.00	9.00
136.23	31.62
As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022

12.84 12.84	3.68 <b>3.6</b> 8	
12,04	3.00	
As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
1.74	0.41	
1.74	0.41	



Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
21	Other Expenses		
	Audit Fee	0.30	0.30
	Brokerage		1.51
	Business Promotion Exp	4.30	1.80
	Computer peripherals	0.04	0.12
	Design Work	0.80	-
	Electricity Expenses	0.49	0.11
	Office Expenses	3.94	0.54
	Incorporation Expenses	•	0.14
	Rent Paid	18.35	4.53
	Repairs & Maintenance	0.19	0.03
	Legal & Professional fees	5.30	9.44
	Telephone Exp	0.12	0.02
	Testing Exp	1.64	2.88
	Travelling & Convenyance Expenses	5.75	0.45
	Website domain & hosting charges	1.73	0.67
	Total	42.94	22.53
21.1	Details of Auditor's Remuneration		
	Audit Fee excluding GST	0.30	0.30
	For other services		-
		FY 22-23	FY 21-22
22	Earning Per Share (EPS)		
	i) Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs.)	(142.02)	(58.28)
	ii) Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating EPS	9,352,853	1,463,288
	iii) Basic and Diluted Earnings per share	(1.52)	(3.98)
	iii) Nominal value of an equity share	(1.52)	(3.98)

### 23 Financial Instruments

### 23.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

In its ordinary operations, the companies activities expose it to the various types of risks, which are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it operates. The company has a risk management policy which covers the foreign exchanges risks and other risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities such as interest rate risks and credit risks. The risk management policy is approved by the board of directors. The following is the summary of the main risks:

# a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates (currency risk) and interest rates (interest rate risk), will affect the companies income or value of it's holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

# Interest rate risk

The Company does not have any investments. Hence, the company is not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

### (b) Credit risk

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, and other financial assets which comprises of mainly deposits. Credit risk on cash and reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

# (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.



(Amount in Lakhs)



# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Block No. 5, 2nd Floor, Capital TowerPlot No. 169A, PU-4, Scheme No. 54 Indore MP 452010 IN CIN NO: U29309MP2021PLC058915

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

### A. Equity share capital (Note no. 10)

	(Amount in Lakhs)
Number of shares	Amount
-	-
500,000	5.00
	0.00
500,000	5.00
29,770,000	297.70
500,000	5.00
_	-
30,270,000	302.70
	29,770,000 500,000 -

Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each issued, subscribed and partly paid up	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at 31 March, 2021	-	-
Issued During the year	49,500,000	49.50
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	_	
Balance as at 31 March, 2022	49,500,000	49.50
Issued During the year		-
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	49,500,000	49.50
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	29,745,000	29.75
Balance as at 31 March, 2023	19,755,000	19.76

TOTAL		
TOTAL	50,025,000	322.46

# B. Other equity (Note 11)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Retained earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Total
Balance as on 31 March, 2021				
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	_	_	_	_
Profit for the year	(58.28)		-	(58.28)
Balance as on 31 March, 2022	(58.28)	-	-	(58.28)
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	- 1	-	-	(50.20)
Profit for the year	(142.02)	498.75	-	356.73
Balance as on 31 March, 2023	(200.30)	498.75	-	298.45

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financials statements

ales Char

As per our report of even date

For SPARK & Associates Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. 005313C/C400311

CA Chandresh Singhvi

Partner

Membership No. 436593

Place : Indore Date: May 23rd, 2023 UDIN: 23436593BGUYZI4232 For and on behalf of Board of Directors Femto Green Hydrogen Limited

Dhanpal Doshi

Director

DIN: 00700492

Director

# Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Expected contractual maturity for derivative and non derivative Financial Liabilities:

(Amount in Lakhs)

	(Amount in Lakns			
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years
As at 31st March, 2022				
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	203.31	203.31	_	_
Other financial liabilities	13.21	13.21	_	
Total	216.52	216.52	-	-
As at 31st March, 2023				
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings				
Other financial liabilities	14.19	14.19	-	-
Total	14.19	14.19	-	

### 23.2 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and other stake holders.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in the financial condition and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders (buy back its shares) or issue new shares.

### Gearing Ratio:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Equity share capital	323.46	54.50
Other equity	298.45	(58.28)
Total equity	621.90	(3.78)
Non-current borrowings		
Short term borrowings	Section and the	202.24
Current maturities of long term borrowings	Control of the Contro	203.31
Gross Debt	2 <del>4</del> 5	203.31
Gross debt as above		
Less: Cash and cash equivalents ( Refer Note 8)		203.31
Net Debt	16.09	46.73
Net Debt	(16.09)	156.59
Net debt to equity	(0.03)	(41.47)

# 23.3 Financial Instruments by Category and fair value hierarchy

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 2 and level 3 categories above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.



Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

(Amount in Lakhs

As 31st March 2023	Fair	Value Measure	ment		Fair Walnut Linner	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars					Fair Value hierarc	ny
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	Level-1	Level-2	Level-3
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	16.09	_		
Investment	293.48	-	-	293.48		
Other financial assets	-	_	9.16	-		
Total	293.48	-	25.25	293	-	
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings			_			
Other financial liability			14.19			
Total	-	-	14.19	-	-	

As 31st March 2022	Fai	r Value Measure	ment		Fair Value hierard	chv
Particulars	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	Level-1	Level-2	Level-3
Financial assets					201012	Devel-5
Cash and cash equivalents			46.73	_		
Other financial assets			9.16	_	_	
Total	-	-	55.89	_		
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings			203.31			
Other financial liability			13.21			
Total	-	-	216.52	-	-	

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the Ind AS. An explanation for each level is given below.

- Level 1:Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

# 24 Tax Expenses relating to continuing operations

A. Tax expenses recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Current Tax	52.240.01.250	31 Watch 2022
in respect of current year		
in respect of earlier years		-
Total Current Tax		-
Deferred Tax	and the second second	
in respect of current year	(39.14)	0.16
Total Deferred income tax expense/(credit)	(39.14)	0.16
	(03.11)	0.16
Total income tax expense/(credit)	(39.14)	0.16



Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

B. Amounts Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income

(Amount in Lakhs)

But a state completion in the state of the s		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
Remeasurements of the defined benefit Plans		-
(B) Total		-
Tax Expenses relating to continuing operations reconciled to accounting profit as		
Profit before tax	(181.16)	(58.12)
Applicable Tax Rate	17.16%	17.16%
Income tax as per above rate		
Adjustments for taxes		-
Disallowance of expense		-
Additional allowances		-
Current Tax Provision	1846 B. 1845	-
Deferred tax on account of property plant & equipment	(39.14)	0.16
Deferred tax (asset)/liability on account of Financial asset and other items	(3).14)	0.16
Deferred Tax Provision	(39.14)	0.16
Tax Expenses recognized in statement of Profit & loss	(39.14)	0.16
Effective Tax Rate %	21.60	(0.27)

The movement in Deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit Or Loss	Recognized in OCI	As at March 31, 2023
2021-22				
Deferred Tax Assets				
On account of Property, Plant & Equipment's	_	_	_	
On account of unabsorbed tax losses	-	-	-	
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
On account of Property , Plant & Equipment's	-	(39.14)	_	(39.14)
Other timing difference	-	· - (	-	
Net Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)	-	39.14		39.14

The movement in Deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit Or Loss	Recognized in OCI	As at March 31, 2022
2021-22				,
Deferred Tax Assets				
On account of Property, Plant & Equipment's		-	_	_
On account of unabsorbed tax losses	-	-	-	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
On account of Property , Plant & Equipment's	-	0.16	-	0.16
Other timing difference	-	-	-	-
Net Deferred tax Asset/(Liabilities)	-	(0.16)	-	(0.16)



# Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

- 25 Additional information pursuant to provisions of paragraph 5 of schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Expenditure incurred in foreign currency during the year Nil CIF Value of Imports of Capital Goods Nil
- Contingent Liabilities: NIL
- As per the definition of Business Segment and Geographical Segment contained in Ind AS 108 "Segment Reporting", the management is of the opinion that the Company's operation comprise of operating in Primary and Secondary market and incidental activities thereto, there is neither more than one reportable business segment nor more than one reportable geographical segment, and, therefore, segment information is not required to be disclosed.
- Details of amounts due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise under the head current liabilities, based on the information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors- Nil.

### **Maturity Analysis**

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

For the year 2022-23:	(Amount in Lakh
-----------------------	-----------------

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
(a) Property, Plant & Equipment	4.96		4.96
(b) Investment property	-	-	-
(c) Financial assets			
- Investment	293.48	-	293.48
- Other Financial Assets	9.16	-	9.16
(d) Other Non-current Assets	15.82	-	15.82
Total non current assets	323.43	-	323.43
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	46.59	46.59	_
(b) Financial assets			
- Investment	-	-	-
- Cash and cash equivalents	16.09	16.09	_
(c) Other current assets	211.01	211.01	-
Total current assets	273.69	273.69	_
Total Assets	597.12	273.69	323.43
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	-	-	-
- Other financial liabilities	14.19	14.19	_
(b) Other current liabilities	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	14.19	14.19	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	14.19	14.19	-
Net	582.92	259.50	323.43



# Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023 $\,$

For the year 2021-22: (Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
(a) Property, Plant & Equipment	6.21		6.21
(b) Investment property	-	-	-
(c) Financial assets			
- Other Financial Assets	9.16	-	9.16
(d) Other Non-current Assets	3.07	-	3.07
Total non current assets	18.44	-	18.44
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	-	-	-
(b) Financial assets			
- Investment	-	-	-
- Cash and cash equivalents	46.73	46.73	-
- Others	-	-	-
(c) Other current assets	147.74	147.74	-
Total current assets	194.46	194.46	-
Total Assets	212.90	194.46	18.44
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	203.31	203.31	-
- Other financial liabilities	13.21	13.21	-
(b) Other current liabilities	-	-	-
(c) Current tax liabilities	-	-	
Total current liabilities	216.52	216.52	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	216.52	216.52	-
Net	(3.62)	(22.06)	18.44

# 30 Disclosure Related to Analytical Ratios

Ratio	F	Figure as at 31.03.2023			ъ. т
	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio	Difference	Remarks
Current Ratio	273.69	14.19	19.28	18.39	
				53.85	Due to Loan repaid
Debt-equity Ratio		Not Applicable			fully
Debt Service Coverage Ratio		Not Applicable		0.28	
Return on equity Ratio	(142.02)	310.95	(0.46)	-31.32	Due to increase in loss
Inventory turnover Ratio	16.00	23.30	0.69	0.69	
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio		Not Applicable		-	
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio		Not Applicable		-	
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	16.00	621.90	0.03	0.03	
Net Profit Ratio	(142.02)	16.00	(8.87)	-8.87	1000
Return on Capital Employed	(142.02)	621.90	(0.23)	0.04	Control State Control Control



Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

(Amount in Lakhs)

Ratio	Figure as at 31.03.2022			
	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio	
Current Ratio	194.46	216.52	0.90	
Debt-equity Ratio	203.31	(3.78)	(53.85)	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(57.71)	203.73	(0.28)	
Return on equity Ratio	(58.28)	(1.89)	30.87	
Inventory turnover Ratio	Not Applicable			
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable			
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable			
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable			
Net Profit Ratio	Not Applicable			
Return on Capital Employed	(54.44)	199.85	(0.27)	

# 31 Related Party Disclosures

(i) List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Nature of relationship	Name of the related party
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Parasmal Doshi (Director)
	Prasad Kiran Thakur (Whole Time Director)
	Dhanpal Doshi (Director)
	Nandan Kundetkar Vinayakrao (Director)
Holding Company	Indothai Securities Ltd.
Other Related Parties with Significant Influence	N.K. Electronics
Relative of KMP	Yamini Kundetkar

(ii) Disclosure in Respect of Related Party Transactions during the year :

Particulars	Relationship	FY 22-23	FY 21-22
Remuneration Paid			
Nandan Kundetkar Vinayakrao	Key Management Personnel	36.00	9.00
Prasad Kiran Thakur	Key Management Personnel	0.00	-
Yamini Kundetkar	Relative of KMP	24.00	-
Total		60.00	9.00
Interest Paid			
Indo thai Securities Ltd.	Holding Company	12.84	0.41
Total		12.84	0.41
Loan Taken			
Indo thai Securities Ltd.	Holding Company	79.00	-
Total		79.00	-
Loan Repaid			
Indo thai Securities Ltd.	Holding Company	295.16	
Total		295.16	-
Borrowing			
Indo thai Securities Ltd.	Holding Company	-	203.31
	Total	-	203.31
Advances Given			
N.K. Electronics	Other Related Parties with Significant Influence	66.00	-
Total		66.00	-

- 32 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) through notification, Dated March 21, 2021, amended schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, applicable for financial periods commencing from April 01, 2021. Pursuant to such amendments:
  - $a.\ Current\ maturities\ of\ non-current\ borrowings\ has\ been\ re-grouped\ to\ "Borrowings"\ from\ "Current\ Financial\ Liabilities".$
  - b. There are no Current/non-current lease liabilities as at March 31, 2023.



### Notes to financials statements for the year ended 31st March 2023 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

### Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

### Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company

There are no immovable properties which are not held in name of the company.

### Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets during the current year or previous year.

### Borrowings from Banks or Financial institution on the basis of Security of Current Assets

The company has outstanding loans amounting to Rs. Lakhs on the basis of security of Current Assets as on 31st March, 2023.

### Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institutions or government or any government authority.

### Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

### Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

### **Undisclosed Income**

There is no income surrendered or remaining to be disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

### Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

### Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company is not required to register any charges as at March 31, 2023.

### Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The Company has not borrowed any fund from any bank/Financial institution during the year.

